# M'KINLEY IN BUFFALO

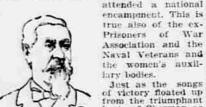
PRESIDENT ATTENDING THE GRAND ARMY ENCAMPMENT.

#### ATTENDANCE IS ENORMOUS.

MORE VETERANS HAVE TURNED OUT THAN EVER BEFORE.

A Number of Auxiliary Orders Held Conventions Yesterday-Denver a Candidate for the Next Encampment-Candidates for Commander.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 24.-From dawn to darkness, and from twilight to midnight, the great gathering of the Grand Army the Republic waxed greater and grander. The weather has been all that could be wished, and more members of the Grand Army have turned out than ever before attended a national



from the triumphant hosts of Sherman as en, so from the old oldlers gathered at Buffalo swells up

John C. Linchan, mighty mingling of Candidate for Com-thankfulness, of hap-mander. piness, and of Joy. Prom early morning until late at night, Main street held a continuous procession of posts. Scores of them brought bands and few, indeed, had no music

them brought bands and rew, indeed, and no music.

The features of the day were the arrival of President McKinley, accompanied by Secretary Alger, and Governor Black, of New York, the banquet to the president this evening and the parade of the naval vetcrans and ex-prisoners of war this morning. During the day, there were more than thirty corps, brigade, regimental and company reunions. The Naval Veterans, ex-Prisoners of War, Ladles of the G. A. R. and the Association of Nurses, held their R. and the Association of Nurses, held the

there were many re-ceptions given by and to the ladies of and to the ladies of the auxiliary asso-ciations. A trip on the lake, participated in by about 2,000 ladies, was one of the most pleasant of the many enter-tainments.

talments.
This evening there were a number of camp fires for the men and receptions and musical entertainments for the indies.

e T. F. Mack Candidate for The feature of this mander. The feature of this morning was the second parade of the celebration, and the first in which Grand Army men took part.

The Naval Veterans' Association and the Ex-Prisoners of War Association, together with the survivors of the Eric county regiments and other organizations, composed the Grand Army contingent of the

The naval veterans wore the uniform of the United States naval service, and made a splendid appearance as they rolled through the streets in the rolling gait of

The ex-prisoners of war, from the rank and file of the G. A. R., wore the uni-



forms of their re-spective posts, and on each coat was fastened a badge bearing the name of the prison in which the wearer had been confined. As the the wearer had been confined. As the names of Anderson-ville, Libbey, Salis-bury, Belle Isle, Florence, Castle Florence, Thunder and other places of historic horror were read, the cheers became

Com

clation of Naval Veterans to order this afternoon. About 300 delegates were in at-tendance. Daniel M. Kelly, of Philadelphia, was elected rear admiral for the ensuing year over Will M. Atkins, by a vote of 94 to 13.

A resolution was adopted urging the se-

A resolution was adopted urging the secretary of the navy to accept the plans of Baerer and Webb, of New York, for a statue of the late Rear Admiral David B. Porter, to be erected in Philadelphia or New York.

The committee on resolutions reported against the removal of gold stripes from the uniforms of the naval veterans. A flerce fight on the matter caused it to be unanimously laid on the table for a year.

The National Association of Army Nurses met to-day Mrs. Agnes Hitt, with National Pressi-President Women's dent Mrs. Emily F. Relief Corps. Woodley, of Philadelphia, in the chair, and after listening to the addresses of the president wing agreement and strengt and the president was a president and the presiden

dent Mrs. Emily F. Relief Corps.
Woodley, of Philadelphia, in the chair, and after listening to the addresses of the president and senior vice president, and the various reports, adjourned in order to allow the members to take a ride on the lake.

At the opening session of the Ladies of the G. A. R. to-day, every state except lowa and Indiana was represented. Mrs. Catharine F. Hirst, president, presided.
Colonel Sexton, of Chicago, has withdrawn is a candidate for commander-indiate for commander-indiate for the place.

Of Cincinnati's success in her race for the next encampment there appears little doubt, although Denver leomed up to-day

ver leamed up to-day
us an aspirant for
that honor.
At Colonel Gobin's 1 headquarters. Penn-sylvania. New Jersey sylvania. New Jersey and Delaware are claimed for the Penn

Mrs. C. E. Hirst, in the fight to the President Ladies of and. Among the premiser General Lew Wallace and former Commander-in-chief Thomas Lawler.

The National Association of ex-Prisoners of War met in national convention to Commander-in-chief Thomas Lawler.
The National Association of ex-Pers of War met in national conventitions, with Commander Charles R S
of Pittsburg in the
chair. Attendance
was the largest since
the organization of
the association. Sheriff.

The report of the adjutant general showed sixty-three local associations with a membership of 1.502, and 702 individual members, a tovalual members, a to-tal membership of 23a. There was a substantial cash bal-ance in the treasury. Several speakers ad-vecated the passage of the ex-prisoners' relief bill to be pre-cented to congress

E 6

of the ex-prisoners relief bill to be presented to congress.

These officers were Pres. Daughters of elected:

Commander, Charles F. Sheriff. Pittsburg; senior vice commander, J. I. Kligour, Brookiyn; chaplain, John S. Ferguson, Keckuk, la; historian, Lewis R. Fortescue, Fhiladelphia; quartermaster general, S. H. Long, East Orange, N. J.

Executive committee—Ex-Mayor Dorn, St. Paul; James Atwell, Pittsburg; Ismar C. Selley, Minneapolis, and John P. Donohue, Wilmington, Del.

#### VETS WILDLY ENTHUSIASTIC. Stangardons Demonstration in Hono of President McKinley-Notable Banquet Last Night.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 24 - From the momen special train that bore the presi dent and his retinue to the city arrived to til he retired to-night there was one glor ous and spontaneous demonstration. From the depot to the Niagara hotel, a distance of two miles, the streets were lined with people, and at the hotel, in front of which there is a great square, the police and soldiers from the nearby barracks had diffiwork to keep the multitude in position. Even when, with Mrs. McKinley and Gov-

ernor Black, the president had entered the hotel and vanished from sight, there followed after him the cheers of the people until he was obliged to come to the balcony where, after order had been restored, h

"I come to greet you and to thank you at the same time for your welcome. The Grand Army of the Republic seems to be or foot to-day, but not carrying arms. Thos were long since laid aside, and the Grand Army of the Republic is to-day dedicated to peace (applause) and the Union forever I am glad to be in the city of Buffalo with my comrades of '61 and '65 and my comrades now. I thank you all and bid you good afternoon."

Shortly after 5 o'clock Columbia post, dressed in fatigue coats and white duck trousers, arrived at the hotel and acted as escart to the president to the Elliott building, where the post entertained the president at a banquet. As the president passed from the hotel to the banquet hall, the pelice had literally to drive a way through for the carriages, and at the Eliott Club the corridors were so densly packed that the president had to be lifted through by stalwart policemen. In the reception room of the club, he met prominent citizens of Buffalo and then a little later he entered the great banquet hall as the guest of honor of Columbia post, of Chicago, with 500 other distinguished guests and soldiers. At the guest table sat Commander C. H.

McConnell, of Columbia post, toastmaster of the occasion: President McKinley, Commander-in-Chief T. S. Clarkson, Archbishon Ireland, Mayor Jewett, General Russell A. Alger, Governor Frank S. Black, James E. Curtiss, Chaplain-in-Chief Mark B. Taylor, Wilson S. Bissell, Hazen S. Pin gree, of Michigan; former Commander-inthief T. W. Lawler, Representative R. B. Mahany, Representative D. S. Alexander, C. Porter Johnson, of Chicago; Colonel Biackman, of Chicago; Colonel Sage, General Walker, General Komits, Colonel John D. Webber, Colonel J. H. Horton, Colonel Atkinson, Alderman Finch, of Chicago; Henry D. Esterbrook, of Chicago; Ferd W. Peck, of Chicago; General John S. Wiss

and Augustus F. Scheu. When an elaborate menu had been dis-cussed to the satisfaction of the guests, the toastmaster called for Governor Frank S. Black, who extended a welcome for

Columbia post to President McKinley. At 8:45 o'clock, Senator Mark Hanna who had just arrived in the city, came into the banquet hall. His entry was noted by applause at the further end of the hall. and as the proceedings passed, President McKinley rose from his seat and moved along the hall to meet him. There was a shout of applause as the two men clasped hands and the president's left hand went up to Mr. Hanna's shoulder. Both took their seats amid applause. Mr. Hanna had to hold a levee. Closely following Mr Hanna's entrance it was announced that the president, desiring to hear Archbisho Ireland and other speakers, had decided to make a brief visit to some of the camp fires and then return. He left, accom panied by Commander-In-Chief Clarkson The toastmaster then announced the ext toast, "The City of Buffalo Welcome the Grand Army."

Mayor Jewett respanded. While Mr. Jewett was speaking, the pres dent returned, and for a few mor pandemonium reigned supreme, somebody velling "Wheat, \$1.03; silver 40 cents!" cry that was taken up and repeated again and again.

When Mr. Jewett had finished his ad dress, President McKinley was introduced and for fully five minutes it seemed as though the roof would have to fall or the side walls bulge with the roars of applaus and greeting. Then the president said very slowly and

"Mr. Tostmaster and Comrades and My

Fellow Citizens:-I wish I might frame fit-ting words to make fitting response to the more than gracious welcome which you have accorded me here to-night. I come with no set form of speech: I come with me studied phrases to present to you. but I come in the spirit of comradeship (ap plause) to talk to you, as we have often talked in the past, around the campfires deafening.

Rear Admiral Sears
Com-called the twelfth
annual convention of
the National Assothe National Assoblessed is that country whose defender are patriots. (Applause.)
"Blessed is that country whose soldier.

fight for it and are willing to give the bes they have, the best that any man has their own lives, to preserve it because the love it. (Applause.) Such an army the United States has always commanded in every crisis of her history. (Applause, From the war of the revolution to the late civil war, the men followed that flag in cause they loved that flag and be lieved in what it represented. (Applause, That was the stuff of which the volunteer arm of '61 was made, (Applause.) Everone of them not only fought but thought (applause), and many of them did their own thinking. (Laughter and ap-plause), and did not always agree with their commander. (Laughter and applause. That young soldier, who, in the late war, upon the battle line, ahead with the color guard, bearing the stars and stripes, way in front of the line, but the enemy still in front of him, the general called out to the colorbearer: 'Bring those colors back to the line,' and quicker than any bullet that young soldier answered back, 'Bring the line up to the colors.' (Prolonged applause.) It was the voice of command; there was nan behind it, there was patriotism in his

heart. "So nigh to grandeur is our dust; So near to God is man.

When duty whispers, 'Lo! thou must, Youth replies, 'I can.' "And so more than two million brave men thus responded and made up an army grander than any army that ever shool the earth with its tread (applause) and engaged in a holler cause than ever soldiers did before. (Applause.) What defenders, my countrymen, have we now. We have the remnant of this old, magnificent, matchless army of which I have been speaking, and then, as allies in any future war, we have the brave men who fought against us on Southern battlefields, (Great applause.) They are one in faith. in hope, in fraternity, in purpose and in an invincible patriotism (applause) and, there fore, the country is in no danger. (Applause.) In justice, strong; in policy, se cure, and in devotion to the flag, all one. (Great applause.) My fellow countrymen I thank you and bid you good night." (Prolonged applause.)

The president's allusion to the South and its unity with the North was received with vociferous applause, the audience standing upon their seats to cheer, and at the conclusion of the tonst Governor Black lee the applacise.

the appiacise.

National Commander Clarkson responded to the toast, "The Grand Army,"
Closing, he created a laugh by saying that he brought a message from "afflicted Nebraska." (Laughter.) His comrades in Nebraska sent word that they could not come because they were busy gathering 40,000,000 bushels of wheat to sell the advance of 100 per cent over last an advance of 100 per cent over

They did not sleep well," he said, "he "They did not sleep well," he said, "because the wheat and corn grew so fast that it kept them awake. The calamity howlers are on the run, and in the Western horizon is emblazoned the word. Prosperity." Secretary of War Alger responded to the toast, "The Army of the United States." Henry Estabrook spoke to the toast, "The Generals." Charles Estabrook, a colored contor, spoke of the colored troops. C. P. Johnson discussed "The American Volunteer," and John S. Wise spoke upon "Under One Flag."

teer," and John S. Wise spoke upon the control one Fiag."

Mr. Wise, who was a Confederate officer, was received with much enthusiasm, and his address was marked by its patriotic Archbishop Ireland was the last guest to speak and was received with vociferous applause.

Here's Meat for Historians.

Topeka, Kas., Aug. 24.—(Special.) A piece of timber which may open a new field for kansas historians was found to-day by workmen who are carting away the island in the middle of the Kansas river at the feot of Kansas avenue. The workmen dug up a piece of oak twelve feet long which had been used for a rudder on a flatboat, or one side of which is plainly carved the figures "1784."

THINKS KANSAS DEMOCRATS WILL PUT UP A STRAIGHT TICKET.

HAS NO LOVE FOR POPULISM.

WOULD RATHER SEE REPUBLICANS WIN THAN POPULISTS.

Declares That the J. Mack Love Crowd Are Not Democrats but Pops, and He Expects to See Them in the Calamity Camp Next Year.

Topeka, Kas., Aug. 24,--(Special.) Ex United States District Attorney W. C. Perry, before leaving for his home at Fort Scott to-day to take up the practice of law as one of the common people once more took occasion to give his views on the future of the Democratic party in Kan He said that it was his opinion that the o-called fusion Democrats were now great ing their ears preparatory to being swal-

"I use the words 'so-called fusion Demo rats' advisedly," said he, "for the Mack Love crowd of Democrats are not Demo crats, but Pops, pure and simple. The are no longer Democrats. When it comes to the state campaign of 1898, they will be found in the Populist column, in my judg-

Mr. Perry is not now, and never was, a believer in fusion with Populists. In order to fuse with the Pops, he says, the Democrats have to surrender all of their old principles, and the object of a fusion deal is not to carry out party principle but to carry off the offices.

"Just what the old line Democrats of Kansas will do I am not able to state definitely," said he, "but it is my guess that they will put out a straight state ticket. Such a ticket, headed by a man of standing, would poll a big vote, and would preserve the party organization until the present heresies have passed away and Democrats come back to the party of their forefathers. If no ticket is placed in the field, the real Democrats will go fishing on election day.

"So far as I am concerned I would rathe see the Republicans in control of state affairs any time than the Pops. I have no love whatever for the reform outfit. Everything they take hold of is generally tainted in some way with corruption be good men in the party, but they will not "The Populist party is too notional. If

it happened to stumble onto a good thing, which it seems is impossible, it would drop it before it was adopted into law. Its leaders take up one ism, discuss it awhile and almost go crazy over it; then all of a sudden they drop it and take up something else. I believe this will be found true in regard to their advocacy of the silver question. They were rantankerous free siler advocates last fall, and already of their big leaders, such as Peffer, Cle mens and Breidenthal, are counseling the dropping of that question and taking up omething else equally, or more, absurd Federal courts now seem to be their hot by, but I will wager a hat that when the time comes to make up the issues of the next national campaign federal courts will not be mentioned. Three years is longe than the average Populist leader can stick

#### WILL DEMAND RECOGNITION. Chairman J. Mack Love Sava Kansa Democrats Won't Fuse Unless

They Get It. Topeka, Kas., Aug. 24.-(Special.) In speaking about the probability of Populist and Democratic fusion on a state ticket next year, J. Mack Love, chairman of the Democratic state committee, to-day said: Democratic sentiment in Kansas, the memfers of the party, unless liberally recog-nized on the state and congressional tickets next year, will not consent to fusion and would be very likely, under those circum-

would be very likely, under those circumstances, to have a ticket of their own in the field.

"The Democrats have not discussed," said Mr. Love, "the plans which they will work upon in the next campaign. We have not considered the proposition which we will submit to the other parties. We have done nothing of a political character or significance except watch the development of sentiment, which, in my opinion, is very largely in favor of fusion.

"Fusion, it has been argued, will be very easy to accomplish next year because it is being effected in the counties and townships throughout the state almost every day now. The allied forces are getting together for the fall campaigns and experience no difficulty in dividing the offices in a manner which meets the approbation of

a manner which meets the approbation of the various elements of the differen parties. I do not believe, though, that thi condition will necessarily strengthen state fusion next year. The Democratic party members in Kansas will not consent to a fusion deal unless some of our people are recognized."

#### A POPULIST IN A PICKLE. W. L. Brown Agreed to Change His Name Unless McKinley Issued Bonds

Topeka, Kas., Aug. 24.-(Special.) W. L. Brown, president of the state board of charities, is in a predicament. During the last campaign he publicly made the promise to Mort Albaugh, his rival editor, that ise to Mork Amanga, his rival editor, that if McKinley was elected and his administration did not have to issue bonds within six months after McKinley's inauguration he, Brown, would change his name.

The six months will be up on Saturday September 4. The bonds have not been is September 4. The bonds have not been issued and there is no possibility of their being issued. Albaugh has been editorially reminding Brown of his promise every week or two. Brown, however, will probably back down, as he is afraid if he changes his name it will invalidate the commission which he holds as chairman of the state board of charities.

Ray's Objection Not Sustained. Topeka, Kas., Aug. 24.—(Special.) The state board of election canvassers to-day rendered a decision holding that W. T. Mc , the Popocratic nominee for judicial district the Sumner-Cowley judicial district, obtained his nomination regularly and that his name was entitled to a place on the official ballot. The protest was filed by Judge James A. Ray, of Sumner, who claimed that McBride was nominated through fraud and that he (Ray) would be the regular Populist nominee.

### Pailed to Effect Fusion.

Columbus, Kas., Aug. 24.—(Special.) The Democrats and Populists of this county each called delegate conventions for the purpose of nominating a fusion county ticket, to meet in this city to-day. The committees of conference to arrange terms of fusion failed to arrive at a satisfactory agreement, and, after reporting failure to their respective conventions, both conventions adjourned for two weeks, when they are to meet in this city to make a second attempt to agree on a fusion ticket.

Greenwood County Republicans. Eureka, Kas., Aug. 24.—(Special.) The Republicans of Greenwood county met in convention here to-day and placed in nomi-nation a full county tieket, as follows: H. F. Rizer, treasurer; H. Dalton, clerk; W. C. Hoover, register of deeds: Levi Knox, sheriff, M. O. Sears, surveyor; W. T. Grove, coroner; G. W. Burt, commissioner.

### Chinn-Stewart.

Webb, City, Mo., Aug. 21.—(Special.) C. R. Chinn and Mrs. E. J. Stewart, both residents of this city for twenty-five years, were matried this evening at the bride's residence. Both are wealthy and prominent in business, social and church circles. Even their closest friends were not apprised of their intention. They have gone to Eureka Springs to spend their honeymoon.

Semi-Anthracite Coal. For the next thirty days we have som

pecial prices for your winter's coal for urnace use. You can save from 10 to 20 er cent by buying now. Call on us. 1128 Vest Twelfth. Tel. 2805. PITTSBURG COAL AND COKE CO.

## INDIA SIATION GRAVE.

ultan of Turk Belleved to Be Back of the Uprig-Three Hundred

SepcMassacred. Lendon, Aug. It is admitted even in official circles | the news from India is of the graves scription. All those who are familiar withe situation attach the greatest importe to the rising of the warlike Afridis, p are estimated to muster 25,000 fightingen. The Afridis, however, form only jart of the insurgents. A letter from dia published in the Standard emphies the belief that the sultan of Turkis at the back of the whole uprising.

The afternoorgyspapers commen severely upon withey term the Marquis

suitan of Turkis at the back of the whole uprising.

The afternoonwspapers commen severely upon whithey term the Marquis of Sallsbury's biplomacy.

Peshawar, Ind Aug. 24.—It is reported that a large aber of Afridis, led by fanatical prieststacked the Sepoys near Fort All Musjabout noon yesterday, massacreing 30 puturing their rifles and then proceeding large force to make an attack upon thirtish garrison on the Lowrgat. Lowrgat

Lowrgat.

There is a verneasy feeling in Quetta, where the troopre under orders to be in readiness tourch to New Chalom, which is the expe outpost of the Afghan frontier, spears to Kandahas, and on the edge of the gistan desert, between the provinces obta and Pishln.

Simia, Aug. 24 arer details of the capture of Fort Mauby the insurgent tribesmen show that garrison of that place retired at 19:30 m. yesterday, and that the fort was bed half an hour later. The garrison read Colon I Wesmascott's relief column, edg from Kohat, at 11:30 p. m.

p. m.
At the same is that Fort Maude was abandoned the per Rifles, garrisoning Fort Jewangeraper compelled to abandon that place, he area of active fighting is enlarging felly.
The Afridis leavening attacked with great determines the fortified post at Sudda, but weret successful in capturing it.

ing it.

Parochinar wattacked to-day. The resultr of this att and of the fighting at
Fort Ali Musjigre not known. There
are two Englishdles with the garrison
at Brooking. The British miry authorities have now mobilized 32,000 n for frontier operations which, with theontier garrisons, make 42,000 men availa for use against the in-

#### DAVIS WILLONTEST ENDED. Contestants Age on a Settlement-How theast Estate Has

Hndled. Butte, Mont., A. 24.-The long fight over the estate of Answ J. Davis is practical ly settled. A peon was filed in the district court drops the contest to the al leged forged willnd agreeing to the ais tribution. WheDavis died in 1830 his estate was value at \$8,000,000. An inventory filed withe petition to-day gives the present value the estate as \$1,483,000, of which \$670,000 ready for distribution

of which \$570,000 ready for distribution now.

In the agreeme dropping the contest all the blood relativ of the dead millionaire are taken care but Diana Davis and Erwin Davis, ser and brother. The former is barredy the statute of limitation, never havi been a party to the contest. Erwin lyis is also barred for the same reason, bees being indebted to the estate. The agreent divides the estate into eleven-hundiths. The helrs of John A. Davis, brotheof the dead millionaire, get 200 eleven-hunedths. Henry A. Root, Sarah Maria Crinings, Marly L. Dunbar, Ell S. Ladd, Cries H. Ladd, Ellen S. Cornue and John G. Cornue, nieces and nephews, jointly a 250 eleven-hundredths; Harriet R. Sheffii, the sister, and H. A. Davis, the neph, jointly forty eleven-hundreths; EllzaBowdoin and Harriet Wood, sisters of alvin P. Davis, brother, fifty eleven-hundredths. The lance, 431 eleven-hundredths. The lance, 431 eleven-hundredths, goes to e trustees under agreement, A. J. Dat Jr., and Charles H. Palmer, for purper not recited, but supposed to be for iture distribution. It is believed that Ein Davis will make a fight.

#### MISSOURIAS IN DENVER. Visited Judge lilips to Argue a Case Involvin \$44,000 in At-

terrs' Fees. Denver, Aug. 2-A party of attorneys, consisting of H. Ward and Frank Hagerman, of Kans City, and W. P. Hail and O. M. Spenr, of St. Joseph, Mo., spent the day in the city yesterday, registering at the Bron hotel. The gentlemen were on their w home after a visit to Judge Philips, othe United States circuit court, who passing his vacation at Manitou. The obet of the trip to Man-The oect of the trip to Man itou was to argua case involving attorncy's fees to the amount of \$44,000, but the defendants deurred and the case went over to next fall Mr. Ward is a leading Democrat of Misairi.

Mr. Ward saysiansas City's ownership

Mr. Ward saysiansas City's ownership of the water wois is proving a blessing and the taxpaye have not been called upon to pay a cei in addition on account of the purchase f the works. The city pays \$3,000,000 fd the plant. A sinking fund is being creed each year which will extinguish the dit in twenty years and the city will the own the entire plant. "The rates," saidie, "are lower than ever before and a codinual reduction will be made. The city ould not possibly have made a better inestment. While our indebtedness is oni \$3,500,000, the indebtedmade a better inestment. While our in debtedness is oni \$3,500,000, the indebtedness for which ware taxed is only \$500,

### DIAMOND NEDAL CONTEST.

outhful Missorians Competing in Declamatio at Nevada-Last Night'sContestants.

Nevada, Mo., ug. 24.-(Special.) The opening exercises) the Epworth League diamond medal cirutionary contest began here to-night. The exercises will continue for three days. Elfowing are the contestants for to-night: Bensie Hartman, Warrensburg: Winchill Jamison, Rich Hill, Mo.; Edith King, Nevada; Stella Christy, Butler; Grace Balwin, Sedalia; Sadie Enright, Nevada; Ihel Hirsch, Warrensburg; Erma Settls, Clinton; Elsie Garrison, Rich Hill; purta Davis, Warrensburg; Susett Thmas, Rich Hill; Ina Mount, Sedalia; feilie M. Cockrell, Nevada, The successul contestants will not be announced unti Thursday night. pening exercisesof the Epworth League

## NO AGREEMENT REACHED.

Maple Leaf Absdutely Refuses to En ter Chicago-St. Paul Passenjer Pool.

Chicago, Aug. 2-The conference be tween the ChicagoSt. Paul lines yesterday ended with the outsiders still on the out side. The Great Western absolutely reside. The Great Western absolutely refused to go into any pooling arrangement, and the Wisconsir Central and Minneapapolis & St. Louis pads agreed to join only on condition that they be allowed higher percentages out of the total traffic and be conceded the right to run cheap excursions to make up possible deficiencies. A committee consisting of the several passenger agents of the 3cok Island, the Minneapolis & St. Louis, the Illinois Central and the Chleago Great Western, was appointed to further consider terms upon which the outside lines would join the pool. The members of the empact say that if the three outsiders do not ultimately come into the organization, the poolers will commence a rate slashing that will force the three roads into the agreement.

Contliest Track on a Prairie. Topeka, Kas., Aug. 21.—(Special.) The Santa Fe company has completed the costliest six miles of track ever laid on a prairie. It is the first section of a double track which will reach from Emporia to Newton, a distance of seventy-four miles. The new track forms a part of the Santa Fe main line acress the state. The completed section reaches from Cedar Grove to Florence, and on this stretch of six miles all the bridges have been widened and rebuilt on stone abuttments.

### Railroad Notes.

Alex Hilton, general agent of the Alton passenger department, is expected to return from Colorado to-day.

C. R. Berry, assistant general freight agent of the Maple Leaf, St. Joseph, was in Kansas City yesterday.

J. L. Murphy, chief clerk in the general freight offices of the Pittsburg & Gulf, left last evening for St. Louis.

The gross earnings of the Milwaukee & St. Louis system for the third week in August were \$619,316, an increase of \$44,509 over last year.

Articles of incorporation have been filed for the Wheat. Belt railroad, which will connect with the Denver & Rio Grande, near its intersection in Saguache county.

for the Wheat Belt railroad, which will connect with the Denver & Rio Grande near its intersection in Saguache county and extend in a westerly direction abou Indian Territory Coal Output. Washington, Aug. 24.—The reports of the mine inspectors for the Indian Territory show that the coal output during the last iscal year was 1,322,578 tons,

OPERATORS AND STRIKE LEADERS CANNOT AGREE.

STRUGGLE TO BE CONTINUED.

OPERATORS WILL, NOW OPEN THEIR MINES AT ONCE.

if the Old Men Will Not Work New Ones Will Be Imported-Strikers Held Responsible for the Failure to Settle the Trouble.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 24.-At the coal operators' meeting this afternoon the miners' ultimatum to return to work at the 69 cent rate pending arbitration was rejected. The operators will now carry out the plan adopted at the Cleveland conference, and will open their mines at once If the old men will not accept their terms,

ew ones will be imported.

The operators' conference was in secret ession for several hours, and when the doors were opened their press agent announced that the mines would certainly b started with the old diggers if possible with imported men if the old men refused to work. A committee was appointed, composed of representatives of every firm in the district, to map out the mode of procedure for the resumption. This commit tee will meet to-morrow for this purpose. The statement concerning the joint con ference issued by the operators' press committee to-night follows:

"The conference committees of the coal operators and the officials of the miners failed to agree and adjourned finally. The miners were represented by their national and district officers. Operator J. R. Zerbe was chosen chairman of the conference and W. C. Pearce, of the miners, secretary Zerbe stated that it was desired to brin about a settlement of the strike. Mr were empowered to entertain, discuss and lecide upon any propositions the operators night submit. Chairman Zerbe asked tha he question of interstate agreement be

waived and this was assented to. "Mr. Ratchford then stated terms upon which the miners would return to work saving they would go to work at once of the 69-cent rate being paid until such time as a board of arbitrators could make ar award of what would be a fair wage rate, any excess paid to the miners above th award of the arbitrators to be deducted from the pay of the miners afterward. The operators stated their reasons why this could not be accepted, and, in lieu thereof submitted four propositions for arbitration one that the men should return to work leaving to arbitrators what rate shall b paid; one, leaving the question of rate open until after an award has been made; one that the arbitrators decide within ten or twenty days, the miners remaining idle, and one that the arbitrators have thirty days in which to decide, the miners re maining idle.

"All these were peremptorily rejected by the miners' representatives, and the con-"The operators feel that in submitting

these various propositions for a settlement by conciliation or arbitration, they have exhausted every effort in trying to bring about a settlement with the officials of the miners. The proposition of Mr. Ratchford ould not be accepted because it means an advance of 274 per cent in wage cost, and would entail irreparable losses upon the producers. The prices at which the coal producers. The prices at which the coal contracts have been taken for this year were enforced by the conditions which ruled the markets in the open competition from other producing fields. It should be remembered that operators are confronted constantly with two forces—the pressure of buyers to get the lowest price, which is determined by a remorseless competition, and by the miners, who demand the highest wage rates at all times.

"Amicable and conciliatory methods having falled to convince or to move the lead-

"Amicable and conciliatory methods having failed to convince or to move the leaders, the responsibility for whatever privation follows to the miners and their families must rest upon the miners' officials. The operators feel that they have exhausted all honorable means of settlement of a strike which has entailed so much misery upon the miners and those dependent upon them, and which they, in common with the public, deplore, and would glady change on a basis that would not be disastrous to themselves. The miners' officials having rejected the proposition made for an agreement, the operators can only ask the miners to consider the existing conditions and ask themselves whether they are justified in continuing a line of action which is dictatorial, and are willing to work at a price which impartial arbitrators may decide to be fair and just under existing conditions, a board guided by the impulses of equity and justice, and having the sympathy of humanity in the scale in favor of the miners."

### FURTHER STRIKE LOSSES.

Miners Are Returning to Work in West Virginia-Ohio Miners Also Return.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 24.-The strikers suffered further losses in the Kanawha valley in the Upper Loup creek region and along New river to-day. New river mine loaded 800 cars of coal yesterday, which is big day's work for normal conditions. In Kanawha 200 more men went to work o-day, which leaves very few men out. Fairmont increased its output, and the Norfolk & Western region shows no signs of a strike. Leader Rea, in the Fairmont region, to-day established five camps miners. The men will march from camp to camp making visits, holding this to be their interpretation of the injunction given their interpretation of the injunction given by Judge Goff. It is not likely these marches will be allowed, however. The danger of a coal famine in the Wheeling district has been greatly reduced by the peddling mines over in Eastern Ohio going to work, this being their usual market. The strike at Corinth has caused the loss of 1,000,000 brick that were half burned when the miners refused to fur-nish any more coal.

Strike Leaves a Town in Darkness. Springfield, Ill., Aug. 24.—The electric light works have closed at Carlinville, owing to no coal being obtainable and the city streets are in darkness. The merchants who used electric lights are burning coal oil lamps. The water works are kept in operation by using wood for fuel.

The Harper Joint War.

Harper, Kas., Aug. 24.—(Special.) About 200 members of the Temperance League met with the council last night to try to get it to pass new anti-joint ordinances. Councilman Denny read the Topeka ordinance, and moved that it be passed, but received no second. The council then proceeded with its usual business. The meeting passed off without any such trouble as at the previous meeting. Although the joint question has quieted down some, people are in earnest and intend to suppress the liquor traffic if possible.

A UNIFORM AIVORCE LAW.

American Bar Association Commission Has Outlined a Statute for All the States.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 24.-At the meeting of the Uniform Law Commission to-day John C. Richberk, Esq., of Chicago, as chairman of a special committee, appointed for the purpose, reported a draft of a di-verce bill for adoption in all the states, to be submitted to the National Bar Associaion. If the association approves it, the members will urge its adoption by their different state legislatures. The bill is mod-cled after the divorce law in force in the District of Columbia, which was drawn by committees of congress, which represents

the entire country.

The bill provides, in brief, that no person shall be entitled to a divorce who has son shall be entitled to a divorce who has not resided in the state two years before bringing suit, nor unless the defendant shall have been personally served within the state or shall have voluntarily appeared in such action. No divorce shall affect the legitimncy of children of such marriage, except where it shall be declared void because of a prior marriage. The proceedings shall be had in the county where the complainant resides, but process may be directed to any county in the state.

If it shall appear to the court that the If it shall appear to the court that the defendant is non-resident at the time of application for divorce, and that the cause of action arose while the defendant was domiciled in the state, and the defendant has been absent from the state for a year after the return of one summons not found, the court may authorize notice of the suit by publication. The court must hear the case by examination in open court, and divorce shall not be granted in default unless the judge shall be satisfied that proparaments have been taken to notify the defendant and the cause of the divorce has been fully proved.

fendant and the cause of the divorce has been fully proved.

Marriages in a foreign state or country may be proved by the acknowledgment of the parties, their cohabitation and other circumstantial testimony. The court shall prohibit the husband from interfering with the personal liberty of the wife during the pendency of the suit. The court may make such order as to the custody of the children as may be deemed expedient. The court shall make an allowance to any woman suing for divorce who is poor and unable to pay the expenses of the suit. The court may require the husband to pay to the wife money for her support during the pendency of a suit and to maintain or

unable to pay the expenses of the suit. The court may require the husband to pay to the wife money for her support during the pendency of a suit and to maintain or defend her suit, and may also enforce the payment of alimony.

The court may allow a divorced woman to resume her maiden name or that of any former husband. The court may compet the conveyance of property after a divorce by either party when it appears that such property belongs to the other. When a marriage is dissolved either party will have the right to marry again.

The concluding section of the bill provides a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000 and imprisonment of not more than one year nor less than three months, or both, for anybody who publishes in any way notice of any kind with intent to procure or ald in procuring any divorce.

The belief is generally expressed by members of the commission that the bill will be approved by the National Bar Association, in which event systematic efforts states.

## SUICIDE PORTER'S WIFE WEDS

SHE MARRIES THE TALKED-ABOUT NEPHEW INSIDE A MONTH.

Harold Edgel Thomas and Mrs. J. D. Porter Married in Council Bluffs -A Forged Letter-Will to Be Contested.

Dr. J. D. Porter, an expert chemist, killed himself with poisons in a horrible manne at his store, 912 Walnut street, July 28. He had left his young and handsome wifehe was 52 and she only 21-at the Wash ington hotel, where they lived, at 10 o'clock the night before. Harold Edgel Thomas a young and dashing nephew of Dr. Porter, was there also. It is now recalled that although Dr. Porter had never before renained away from home all night, and although his nephew knew that he contemplated suicide and in the night claims to have gone to Dr. Porter's store and found the door locked, no alarm was given nor were any of the doctor's friends aroused.

Marked papers received in Kansas City yesterday announced the marriage in Coun-cil Bluffs, Ia., last Saturday of Mrs. J. D orter, widow of the suicide, and Harold Edgel Thomas, his nephew. After her four weeks of mourning and courtship, Mrs. Chomas was seen again on the streets of

Kansas City yesterday. Three weeks before his death Dr. Porter Three weeks before his death Dr. Forter made a will leaving all his property to his wife excepting \$3,000, which was divided between two sisters. The estate will yield, it is estimated, about \$17,000. There were rumors that Dr. Porter was rich—that he had a fortune in bonds or securities tucked away somewhere, but if so they have not been found.

away somewhere, but if so they have not been found.

In view of the developments in the case friends of the dead man say that his will will be contested.

The night of the suicide young Thomas indignantly denied the rumors that he had been paying attention to Mrs. Porter and that his uncle was jealous of him. He visited The Journal office and claimed that his dead uncle had left him a letter holding him blameless and expressing the deepest affection for him. He did not have the letter with him, but said he would get it. In a couple of hours he returned with such a letter as he had claimed.

There is now reason to believe that this letter was never written by Dr. Porter. It was a forgery, I was a life-long friend of

was a forgery.
Mr. George T. Lynn, a life-long friend of
Dr. Porter and the executor of his will, was
seen last night at his home, 3613 Wyandotte

Dr. Porter and the executor of his will, was seen last night at his home, 3613 Wyandotte street.

"While I do not wish to become involved in any newspaper controversy regarding this most unfortunate affair," said Mr. Lynn. "I have nothing to withhold or conceal in connection with it. I was astounded to learn of this marriage, which occurred within twenty-four days after the death and seventeen days after the burial of Dr. Porter. I have always treated the present Mrs. Thomas with extreme kindness and at Dr. Porter's request I furnished a home to his nephew. They have seen fit to defy me and defy public sentiment by marrying with this unseemly and scandalous haste. They are married, and that is all there is to say about it."

But Dr. Porter's friends have more to say about the marriage. It is more than probable that an inquiry will be made to ascertain why nothing was done to learn the whereabouts of Dr. Porter between the time he left the hotel on the evening before he took his own life and the morning when he was found writhing in his last agony in his store, several hours later. Here is an interim of nearly ten hours, during which no apparent effort was made by the wife or nephew to see what had become of Dr. Porter, who had left the hotel with the remark that they would never see him again. This remark was made in the face of repeated threats to end his unhappy life.

General Thomas is a wealthy railroad

chants who used electric lights are burning coal oil lamps. The water works are kept in operation by using wood for fuel.

The Harper Joint War.

Harper, Kas., Aug. 24.—(Special.) About 200 members of the Temperance League met with the council last night to try to get it to pass new anti-joint ordinances. Councilman Denny read the Topeka ordinance, and moved that it be passed, but received no second. The council then proceeded with its usual business. The meeting passed off without any such trouble as at the previous meeting. Although the joint question has quieted down some, people are in earnest and intend to suppress the liquor traffic if possible.

Struck by a Cable Train.

William O'Donald, a painter, was struck by an east bound cable train near Eighnian and Holmes streets last night, sustaining a scalp wound on the forehead several inches long and a slight fracture of the skull. O'Donald was crossing the cable tracks at the time of the accident and stepped out of the way of one train into the way of another. He received attentions to central police station. O'Donald smarried and lives at 1122 Forest avenue.

Tossed Up by a Cable Car.

Lon Joseph, one of Mayor Jones' street cleaners, was struck by an east bound certaly morning and thrown several feet in the air. He had his back toward the car and did not hear it approaching. He was removed to his home at 1735 Lydia a zenue, where Dr. Frank luen found he had sustained a sprained ankle.

No Cure—No Pay.

That is the way all druggists sell Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonle for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults proceed the sustained to little rauscaling tonics. Price, 90c.

# NO CHEROKEE TREATY

KHE-TOO-WAHS HAVE ISSUED A STRONG ULTIMATUM.

TRIBAL COMMISSION WARNED.

FORMALLY NOTIFIED NOT TO NEGO-TIATE A NEW TREATY.

Little Doubt That This Will Put a Stop to the Work of the Dawes Commission-Kle-too-wahs Are Stronger Than Ever Before.

Claremore, I. T., Aug. 21.-(Specials) The noted secret organization of Cherekees, the Khe-too-wahs, has issued an ultimatum to its delegation which was appointed to treat with the Dawes commission. That any other plan of procedure except that outlined in their document to the delegation will be followed is not thought of, and thus the last hope of inducing these people to face the situation seems to have vanished. The text of the ultimatum follows:

"\* \* " Whereas, There is a commission here which has been sent by the United States, commonly known as the Dawes commission, who are here for the purpose of entering into new treaties in order to bring us into an agreement to allot our lands and to change our form of government; therefore, be it

"Resolved, by the national Khe-too-wall onvention, That there is a strong protest filed, and which is to be a protest for all time to come, against making any agreement and entering into new treaties, and with this resolution adopted by the na tional convention, the chairman of the said convention is hereby instructed to proceed at once and put the petition before the cople for them to sign, praying the United States government to leave them alone to enjoy their present form of government, and that more importance be given and accorded to the faithful observance of our patent to the Cherokee lands.

"We have kept faith with the United States and observed faithfully all the provisions of the treaties, and desire to protest against entering into any new treaties and against any change in our present form of government. "It is ordered that these resolutions be

submitted to the Cherokee commission without delay for their information.
"DANIEL REDBIRD, Chairman. "WILSON CUMMINGS, Secretary."

(With 335 names attached.) The Post, in commenting upon this step by the fullbloods, says: 'There is not the east doubt that this will put a stop to all Cherokee negotiations with the Dawes commission. However well the Cherokee commission might be disposed to treat, the members of the commission, with this warning staring them in the face, dare go

no further."

The organization is said to number about 8,000-stronger than ever before in its his tory-and its action is likely to have no little influence with the other tribes of the territory. What the ultimate outcome will remains to be seen.

It is generally thought that Judge decision in the Arkansas incorporation case, a few days ago, in which government could not be taken from the Indians without their consent, is the cause of the Khe-too-wahs' decided stand against making a treaty. Be that as it may, the judgment of the organization has heretoore been considered as final. It remains to be seen whether its potency has become

The action of the Cherokee commission vill be watched with interest. Tahlequah, I. T., Aug. 24.-The resolutions ntroduced by the Khe-too-wah Society had the desired effect on the Cherokee commission, and it has decided not to treat with

the United States at the present time. The commission has sent a resolution to the Dawes commission, informing it that it is impracticable to negotiate an agreement with the United States, because of obstacles which can be removed only by the United States government.

## A GRATIFYING SHOWING.

Comparative Statement of the Condition of All the National Banks

in the Country. Washington, Aug. 24.-The treasury department to-day published a comparative statement of the resources and liabilities of all the national banks in the country on July 23, compared with a corresponding date last year. The showing is very gratifying to the treasury officials, and the figures indicate a gradual expansion of business, especially in the amount of de-posits. The statement is as follows:

Deposits. The statement is as follows:

Loans and
Deposits. Reserve. discounts.
July 14, '96.\$1,688,000,000 \$144,000,000 \$1,959,000,000
May 14, '97. 1,728,000,000 410,000,000 1,959,000,000
July 23, '97. 1,779,000,000 413,000,000 1,959,000,000
The item of individual deposits on July
23, 1897, shows an increase of \$102,000 over
July 14, 1896, and an increase of \$42,000,000
over May 14, 1897; lawful money reserve.
representing cash actually on hand in bank
on July 23, 1897, shows an increase over
July 14, 1896, of \$59,000,000, and an increase
over May 14, 1897, of about \$3,000,000; loans
and discounts on July 23 1897, show an increase over July 14, 1896, of about \$8,000,000,
and an increase over May 14, 1897, of \$42,000,000.

## A Wonderful Statement

From Mrs. McGillas to Mrs. Pinkham

I think it my duty, dear Mrs. Pinkham, to tell you what your wonderful Compound has done for me. I was dreadfully ill-the doctors said

they could cure me but 2 17 B failed to do I gave up in despair and took to my bed. I had dreadful pains in my heart. fainting-spells, sparks before my my eyes-

times I would get so blind, I could not

I could not stand very long without feeling sick and vomiting. I could not breathe a long breath without screaming; my heart pained so. I also had female weakness, inflammation of ovaries, painful menstrua-

tion, displacement of the womb, itching of the external parts, and ulceration of the womb. I have had all these complaints. The pains I had to stand were some thing dreadful. My husband told me to try a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's

medicine, which I did, and after taking it for a while, was cured. No other kind of medicine for me as long as you make Compound. I hope every woman who suffers will take your Compound and be cured .- MES. J. S. McGILLAS, 113 Kilburn avenue, Rockford, Ill.

and somesee for several minutes.